



# **Integrated Impact Assessment Form**

## Promoting Equality, Human Rights and Sustainability

Title of Policy/ Proposal	Review of Scheme of Polling Districts and Polling Places 2019
Completion Date	25 September 2019
Completed by	Gill Smith
Lead officer	Gill Smith

## Type of Initiative:

Policy/Strategy x

Programme/Plan New or Proposed

Project Changing/Updated

Service Review or existing x

Function Other

Statement of Intent

#### 1. Briefly describe the policy/proposal you are assessing.

Set out a clear understanding of the purpose of the policy being developed or reviewed (e.g. objectives, aims) including the context within which it will operate.

The Electoral Registration and Administration Act 2013 requires local authorities to undertake a compulsory Statutory Polling District and Polling Place Review within the period 1 October 2018 and 31 January 2020 inclusive and every 5 years thereafter. Midlothian's Review has now been carried out and the proposals are contained within the report.

As part of the review process local authorities must:-

- Seek to ensure that all electors in the constituency have such reasonable facilities for voting as are practicable in the circumstances;
- Seek to ensure that so far as is reasonable and practicable the polling places are accessible to those who are disabled; and
- When considering or reviewing the designation of a polling place, have regard to the accessibility needs of disabled persons.

#### What will change as a result of this policy?

It was agreed at CMT, following feedback from parents over the years, that schools should no longer be used as polling places when they are required to be closed completely to pupils. This review has achieved that objective whilst bearing in mind the considerations contained in the Guidance noted in 1 above.

### 2. Do I need to undertake a Combined Impact Assessment?

High Relevance	Yes/no
The policy/ proposal has consequences for or affects people	Yes
The policy/proposal has potential to make a significant impact on equality	Yes
The policy/ proposal has the potential to make a significant impact on the economy and the delivery of economic outcomes	No
The policy/proposal is likely to have a significant environmental impact	No
Low Relevance	
The policy/proposal has little relevance to equality	No
The policy/proposal has negligible impact on the economy	Yes

The policy/proposal has no/ minimal impact on the environment	Yes
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If you have identified low relevance please give a brief description of your reasoning here and send it to your Head of Service to record.

If you have answered yes to high relevance above, please proceed to complete the Integrated Impact Assessment.

# 3. What information/data/ consultation have you used to inform the policy to date?

Evidence	Comments: what does the evidence tell you?
Data on populations in need	Polling Places are allocated to each Ward based on electorate figures provided by the Electoral Registration Office.
Data on service uptake/access	N/A
Data on quality/outcomes	N/A
Research/literature evidence	See good practice guidelines below
Service user experience information	A public consultation was carried out over a six week period giving the general public the opportunity to submit their views on our proposals and make suggestions for alternatives if appropriate.
Consultation and involvement findings	As well as consulting with the general public, feedback on the review was also sought from all Midlothian Councillors, the MP for the Midlothian Constituency, the Constituency MSPs, Community Councils, all Political Parties at a national level and Capability Scotland. The consultation findings are laid out in Appendix II to the Council Report.
Good practice guidelines	The Electoral Commission's Review of Polling Districts, Polling Places and Polling Stations Guidance Circular.
Other (please specify)	N/A

Is any further information	N/A
required? How will you	
gather this?	

# 4. How does the policy meet the different needs of and impact on groups in the community?

Equality Groups	Comments – positive/ negative impact
Older people, people in the middle years,	Positive - All polling facilities are reviewed to ensure accessibility is key to all groups in the community.
Young people and children	Positive - there will no longer be the requirement to close schools on polling days which will reduce the impact on young people/children's education.
Women, men and transgender people (includes issues relating to pregnancy and maternity)	Neutral
Disabled people (included physical disability; learning disability; sensory Impairment; long term medical conditions; mental health problem)	Positive - All polling facilities are reviewed to ensure accessibility is key to all groups in the community, having particular regard to the accessibility needs of disabled persons.
Minority ethnic people (includes Gypsy/Travellers migrant workers non-English	Neutral
Refugees and asylum seekers	Neutral
People with different religions or beliefs (included pople with no religion or belief.	Neutral
Lesbian; gay bisexual and heterosexual people	Neutral
People who are unmarried;	Neutral

married or in a civil partnership	
Those vulnerable to falling into poverty	Neutral
Unemployed	Neutral
People on Benefits	Neutral
Single Parents and vulnerable families	Neutral
Pensioners	Positive - All polling facilities
	are reviewed to ensure
	accessibility is key to all groups
	in the community.
Looked after Children	Neutral
Those leaving care settings	Neutral
((including children and young people and those with illness)	
people and those with liness)	
Homeless People	Neutral
Carers (including young carers)	Neutral
Those involved in the criminal	Neutral
justice system	
Those living in the most deprived communities (bottom 20% SIMD areas)	Neutral
People misusing services	Neutral
People with low literacy/numeracy	Neutral
Others e.g. veterans, students	Neutral
Geographical Communities	
Rural/ semi-rural Communities	Polling Places are located to
Urban Communities	ensure they are reasonably accessible to all voters in the
Costal Communities	polling district.

the community or staff groups?	
No	
6. Is any part of this policy/ service to be contractors?  If yes, how have you included equali	be carried out wholly or partly by  Ity and human rights considerations into
the contract?	
No	
7. Have you considered how you will consider how you will not be a second how you will not have you will not be a second how you will not have you will not be a second how you will not have you will n	ected e.g. to those with hearing loss,
The conclusions of the review will be published access to 'BrowseAloud' an online translation prior to any election/referendum, clearly state attend to vote.	tool. The Poll Cards, which are sent to voters
Further information published by Midlothian Cothe community languages and in large print, Bi information please contact the Equality, Divers or equalities@midlothian.gov.uk	raille, audio tape or BSL. For more
8. Please consider how your policy will	I impact on each of the following?
Objectives	Comments

5. Are there any other factors which will affect the way this policy impacts on

Objectives	Comments
<b>Equality and Human Rights</b>	
Promotes / advances equality of opportunity e.g. improves access to and quality of services, status	Disabled access to all polling places/stations will be ensured and all voters will enter the polling place via the same entrance.
Promotes good relations within and between people with protected	N/A
characteristics and tackles harassment Promotes participation, inclusion, dignity	All voters will enter the polling place via the

Builds family support networks, resilience and community capacity Reduces crime and fear of crime Promotes healthier lifestyles including Diet and nutrition Sexual Heath Substance Misuse Exercise and physical activity Life Skills  Environmental Reduce greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions in Midlothian (including carbon management) Plan for future climate change N/A  Pollution: air/ water/ soil/ noise N/A  Protect coastal and inland waters N/A  Enhance biodiversity N/A  Public Safety: Minimise waste generation/ infection control/ accidental injury /fire risk Reduce need to travel / promote sustainable forms or transport  Most polling places should be within walkable distance of voters homes and if not, the polling place will be within easy access of public transport.  Maximises income and /or reduces income inequality Helps young people into positive destinations  Supports local business  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/A  Most polling places should be within walkable distance of voters homes and if not, the polling place will be within easy access of public transport.  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/	and self- control over decisions	same entrance.
Reduces crime and fear of crime Promotes healthier lifestyles including Diet and nutrition Sexual Heath Substance Misuse Exercise and physical activity Life Skills  Reduce greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions in Midlothian (including carbon management)  Plan for future climate change Pollution: air/ water/ soil/ noise  N/A  Protect coastal and inland waters  N/A  Public Safety: Minimise waste generation/ infection control/ accidental injury /fire risk  Reduce need to travel / promote sustainable forms or transport  Most polling places should be within walkable distance of voters homes and if not, the polling place will be within easy access of public transport.  N/A  Improves the physical environment e.g. housing quality, public and green space  Economic  Maximises income and /or reduces income inequality Helps young people into positive destinations  Supports local business  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/A  N	Builds family support networks,	N/A
Promotes healthier lifestyles including Diet and nutrition Sexual Heath Substance Misuse Exercise and physical activity Life Skills  Environmental Reduce greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions in Midlothian (including carbon management)  Plan for future climate change N/A  Pollution: air/ water/ soil/ noise N/A  Protect coastal and inland waters N/A  Enhance biodiversity N/A  Public Safety: Minimise waste generation/ infection control/ accidental injury /fire risk Reduce need to travel / promote sustainable forms or transport  Improves the physical environment e.g. housing quality, public and green space  Economic  Maximises income and /or reduces income inequality Helps young people into positive destinations  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/	resilience and community capacity	
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Exercise and physical activity Life Skills  Environmental  Reduce greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions in Midlothian (including carbon management)  Plan for future climate change  N/A  Pollution: air/ water/ soil/ noise  N/A  Protect coastal and inland waters  N/A  Enhance biodiversity  N/A  Public Safety: Minimise waste generation/ infection control/ accidental injury /fire risk  Reduce need to travel / promote sustainable forms or transport  Improves the physical environment e.g., housing quality, public and green space  Economic  Maximises income and /or reduces income inequality  Helps young people into positive destinations  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/A  Helps people to access jobs (both paid and unpaid)	Diet and nutrition Sexual Heath	N/A
Life Skills  Environmental  Reduce greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions in Midlothian (including carbon management)  Plan for future climate change  N/A  Pollution: air/ water/ soil/ noise  N/A  Protect coastal and inland waters  N/A  Enhance biodiversity  N/A  Public Safety: Minimise waste generation/ infection control/ accidental injury /fire risk  Reduce need to travel / promote sustainable forms or transport  Most polling places should be within walkable distance of voters homes and if not, the polling place will be within easy access of public transport.  Improves the physical environment e.g. housing quality, public and green space  Economic  Maximises income and /or reduces income inequality  Helps young people into positive destinations  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/		
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Pollution: air/ water/ soil/ noise  N/A  Protect coastal and inland waters  N/A  Enhance biodiversity  N/A  Public Safety: Minimise waste generation/ infection control/ accidental injury /fire risk  Reduce need to travel / promote sustainable forms or transport  Improves the physical environment e.g. housing quality, public and green space  Economic  Maximises income and /or reduces income inequality  Helps young people into positive destinations  Supports local business  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/A  N	(GHG) emissions in Midlothian (including carbon	N/A
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Enhance biodiversity  Public Safety: Minimise waste generation/ infection control/ accidental injury /fire risk  Reduce need to travel / promote sustainable forms or transport  Improves the physical environment e.g. housing quality, public and green space  Economic  Maximises income and /or reduces income inequality  Helps young people into positive destinations  Supports local business  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/A	Pollution: air/ water/ soil/ noise	N/A
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housing quality, public and green space  Economic  Maximises income and /or reduces income inequality  Helps young people into positive destinations  Supports local business  N/A  Helps people to access jobs (both paid and unpaid)	Reduce need to travel / promote	walkable distance of voters homes and if not, the polling place will be within easy
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destinations  Supports local business  N/A  Helps people to access jobs (both paid and unpaid)		N/A
Helps people to access jobs (both paid and unpaid)		N/A
and unpaid)	Supports local business	N/A
NI/A		N/A
		N/A

Improves working cor equal pay	nditions, including	N/A		
Improves local employment opportunities		s N/A	N/A	
9. Is the policy a qu Environmental In		_		defined by The
No				
10. Action Plan				
Identified negative	Mitigating	Mitigating	Timeline	Responsible
impact	circumstances	actions		person
None				
NONE				
TNOTIC				
TVOILE				
INOTIC				
11.Sign off by Head	of Service/ NHS	Project Lead		
	of Service/ NHS	Project Lead		
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