Midlothian HSCP MSG Indicators

Performance from April 2019 to June 2022, with 2020/21 MSG targets and trends

Local Intelligence Support Team (LIST), September 2022

Management information – not for onward distribution



Contents

- 1. Methodology
- 2. Data completeness
- 3. 2020/21 MSG targets and actuals
- 4. A&E attendances
 - a) weekly figures by age group
 - b) monthly proportions by age group
 - c) 4 hour performance
 - d) admission conversion rates
- 3. Emergency admissions
- 4. Unplanned bed days:
 - a) Acute
 - b) Geriatric Long Stay
 - c) Mental Health
- 5. Delayed discharges occupied bed days
- 6. Balance of care
- 7. End of life

2020/21 MSG Targets - Methodology

 The MSG Objectives Performa was submitted in February 2020 which specified the 2020/21 targets and an action plan on how those targets were to be achieved

 2017/18 MSG data was used as the baseline to calculate the 2020/21 targets

Data completeness

Source: MSG data release Aug-22, PHS

Indicator	Published until	Provisional until	Data completeness issues
1. A&E attendances	Jun-22	n/a	-
2. Emergency admissions	Dec-21	Jun-//	(SMR01) Nov-20 = 93%, Nov-21 = 95%
3a. Unplanned bed days (acute)	Dec-21	Jun-22	(SMR01) Nov-20 = 93%, Nov-21 = 95%
3b. Unplanned bed days (GLS)	n/a	Jun-22	(SMR01E) Quarters ending: Sep-21 = 95%; Dec-21 = 95%; Mar-22=92%; Jun-22 = 87%
3c. Unplanned bed days (MH)	Mar-21	Jun-22	(SMR04) Quarters ending: Jun-22 = 90%
4. Delayed discharges occupied bed days	Jun-22	n/a	-
5. Last 6 months of life (% in community setting)	2020/21	2021/22	-
6. Balance of care (% at home)	n/a	2020/21	-

2020/21 targets and actuals

Source: MSG objectives 2020-21 template - Midlothian IJB; MSG data release Aug-22, PHS

Indicator	2020/21 target	2020/21 target (rate per 100,000)		2020/21 (rate per 100,000)		Target
		Annual	Monthly	Annual	Monthly	met
1. A&E attendances	Maintain	31,543	2,629	26,390	2,199	✓
2. Emergency admissions	5% decrease	9,207	767	9,207	767	✓
3a. Unplanned bed days (acute)	10% decrease	60,888	5,074	57,459	4,788	✓
3b. Unplanned bed days (GLS)	Decrease	<13,733	<1,144	14,122 (p)	1,177 (p)	X
3c. Unplanned bed days (MH)	Decrease	<15,910	<1,326	12,511	1,043	\checkmark
4. Delayed discharges occupied bed days	20% decrease	9,836	820	9,779	815	✓
5. Last 6 months of life (% in large hospital)	Decrease	<8.7%	-	7.8%	-	✓
6. Balance of care (% at home)	Increase	>96.4%	-	97.%	-	√

(p) = provisional

Indicators 3b and 6 are still provisional.

Data Sources

2020/21 MSG Targets

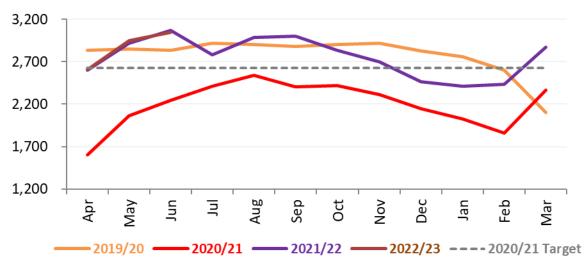
- Source: MSG data release v1.57, Aug-22; Public Health Scotland
- These are official monthly figures released by PHS and will be nationally published (some data is provisional and not yet published)
- Next data release: Sep-22

A&E Attendances

Source: MSG data release Aug-22; data published up to Jun-22

Target = maintain	Annual	Monthly
2020/21 Target Rate (per 100,000)	31,543	2,629
2019/20 Rate (per 100,000)	<i>33,319</i>	2,777
2020/21 Rate (per 100,000)	26,390	2,199
2021/22 Rate (per 100,000)	33,053	2,754
2022/23 Running average (Jun)		2,868

No. of A&E attendances per 100,000



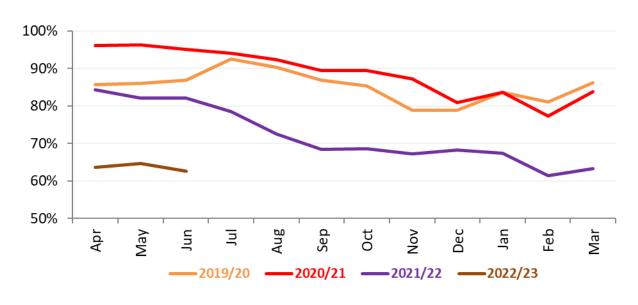
The 2020/21 target was met

- The rate of attendances in 2020/21 was 21% lower than 2019/20, and 17% lower than the 2017/18 baseline year. Much of this may be due to covid-19.
- The rate of attendances had increased back to typical levels by Aug-20, but steadily decreased again until Mar-21 when it started increasing.
- From May-21 Nov-21 it exceeded the 2020/21 target level. Between Dec-21 and Feb-22 it dipped below the target again.

A&E 4 hour performance

Source: MSG data release Aug-22; data published up to Jun-22

A&E % discharged, admitted or transferred within 4 hours



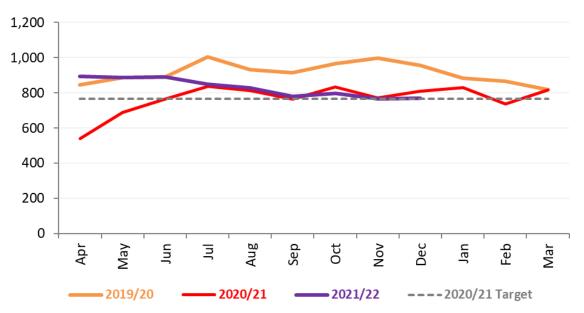
- Four hour performance was steady through the winter of 2020-21
- Overall four-hour performance for 2020/21 was 79.9%, a slight decrease from the 2019/20 level (85.2%)
- Performance through 2021/22 steadily declined, and has been around 62-65% since Feb-22

Emergency Admissions

Source: MSG data release Aug-22; data published up to Dec-21

Target = 5% decrease	Annual	Monthly
2020/21 Target Rate (per 100,000)	9,207	767
2019/20 Rate (per 100,000)	<i>10,966</i>	914
2020/21 Rate (per 100,000)	9,207	<i>767</i>
2021/22 Running average (Dec)		829

Number of emergency admissions per 100,000



The 2020/21 target was met

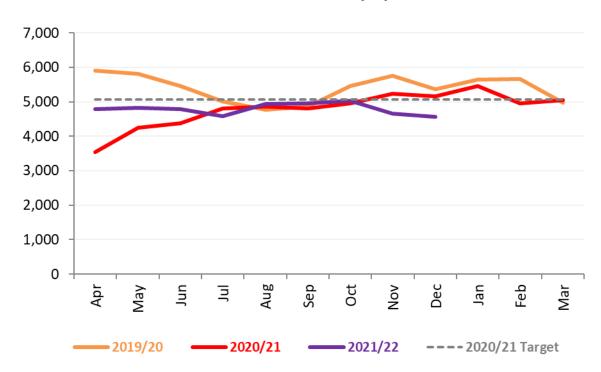
- The rate of emergency admissions dropped in Apr-20 due to Covid-19, but quickly returned to more typical levels – although remained lower than 2019/20 until March-21
- In the first quarter of 2021/22 the admissions rate increased above the 2020/21 target level and above 2020/21 levels; this discrepancy has reduced since

Unplanned Bed Days - Acute

Source: MSG data release Aug-22; data published up to Dec-21

Target = 10% decrease	Annual	Monthly
2020/21 Target Rate (per 100,000)	60,888	5,074
2019/20 Rate (per 100,000)	64,683	<i>5,390</i>
2020/21 Rate (per 100,000)	<i>57,459</i>	4,788
2021/22 Running average (Dec)		4,795

Acute unscheduled bed days per 100,000



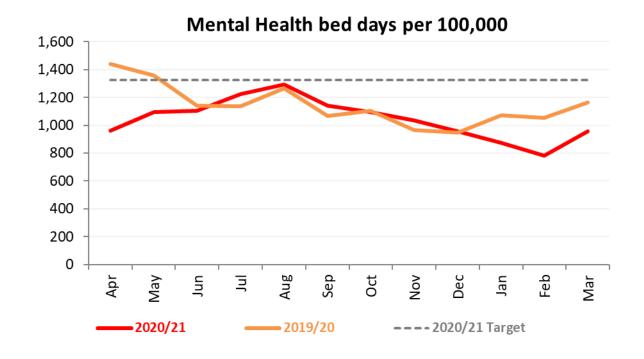
- The 2020/21 target was met
- The rate dropped drastically in Apr-20 due to Covid-19, but was back to a more typical level by Jul-20.
- The rate has remained stable since then

Unplanned Bed Days - Mental Health

Source: MSG data release Aug-22; data published up to Mar-21

Target = decrease	Annual	Monthly	
	45.040	4 000	
2020/21 Target Rate (per 100,000)	15,912	1,326	
2019/20 Rate (per 100,000)	<i>13,708</i>	1,142	
2020/21 Rate (per 100,000)	<i>12,511</i>	1,043	

- The 2020/21 target was met
- The rate of MH bed days has been lower than the target level since Jun-19

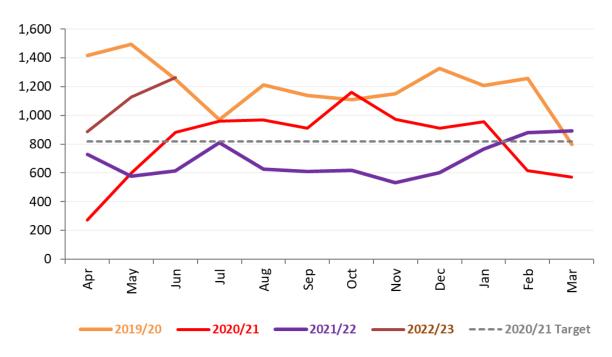


Delayed Discharges Occupied Bed Days

Source: MSG data release Aug-22; data published up to Jun-22

Target = 20% decrease	Annual	Monthly
2020/21 Target Rate (per 100,000)	9,836	820
2019/20 Rate (per 100,000)	14,336	1,195
2020/21 Rate (per 100,000)	9,779	815
2021/22 Rate (per 100,000)	8,249	<i>687</i>
2022/23 Running average (Jun)		1,093

Delayed discharge bed days per 100,000, all reasons (18+)

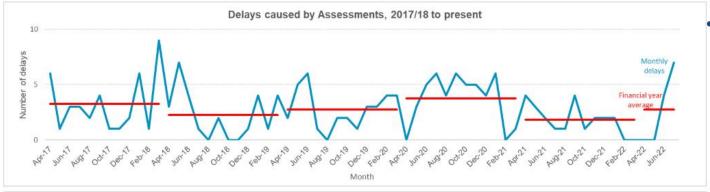


The 2020/21 target was met

- The rate of delayed discharge occupied bed days in Apr-20 was about 80% lower than the previous April's rate due to Covid-19
- The rate has remained mostly lower than the previous year ever since; during much of 2021/22 it was lower than the 2020/21 target level, although it has now exceeded it since Feb-22 and has risen substantially over the last two months

Delayed Discharges: Trends by Reason for Delay

Data Source: Public Health Scotland Delayed Discharge Census September 2022 Publication



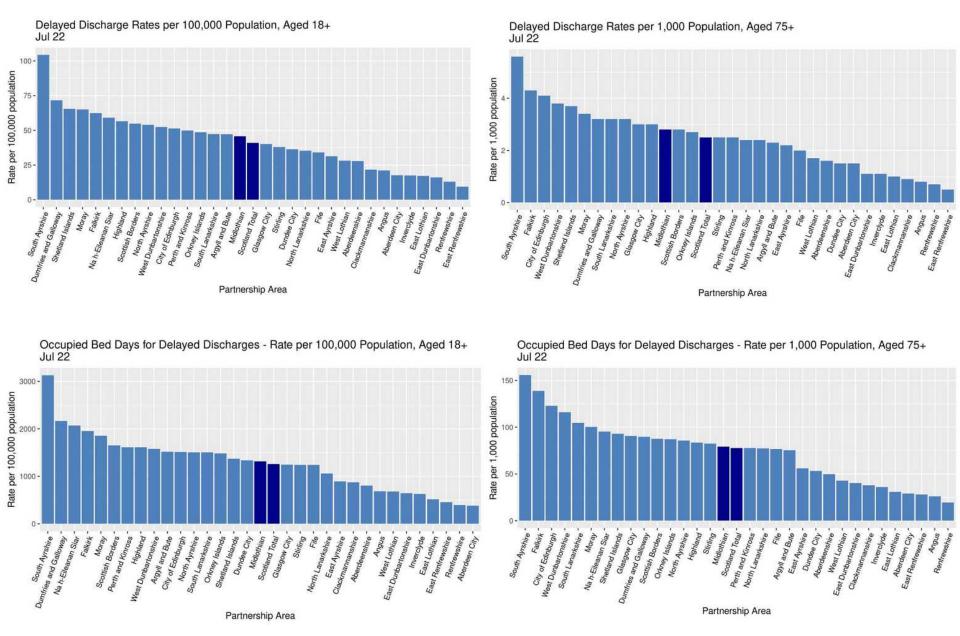




- These charts show the long term trend and the yearly average of the number of delays caused by:
 Assessments; Place
 Availability and
 Waiting on Care
 Arrangements.
- Data has been taken from the monthly Census from Public Health Scotland.
- Performance has been improving since before the pandemic, although the last few months have seen a substantial uptick in delays, particularly for Assessments.

Delayed Discharges (all reasons): Midlothian Position

Data Source: Public Health Scotland Delayed Discharges September 2022 Publication



End of Life - Percentage of Last Six Months Spent in Large Hospitals

Source: MSG data release Aug-22; data published up to 2020/21

Target = decrease	Annual	
2020/21 Target	<8.7%	
2019/20	9.1%	
2020/21	7.5%	

- The 2020/21 target was met
- The provisional percentage for 2021/22 is below the target and is higher than the 2020/21 level

Last 6 months of life: % in large hospitals

