

Catchment Review Programme

Report by Mary Smith, Director

1.0 Purpose of Report

This report outlines the proposed next phases of the school catchment review programme, in light of the Seminar of Midlothian Council held on Tuesday 11 November 2014 on the subject of the Catchment Review and School Estate Strategy and taking account of implications for Midlothian's school estate arising from the proposed Local Plan sites as presented to Cabinet on 18 November 2014.

2.0 Background

A programme of catchment reviews was commenced in 2009/10 to address the mismatch between Midlothian's schools' capacities and the demand for pupil places and to ensure that the school infrastructure would support the implementation of Midlothian's Local Plan, which proposed over 11,000 new homes for Midlothian.

The review commenced with a preliminary community consultation covering all school areas across Midlothian. To date we have revised school catchment areas for King's Park and Woodburn Primary Schools in Dalkeith; Gorebridge and Stobhill Primary Schools in Gorebridge; Bonnyrigg, Burnbrae, Hawthornden and Lasswade Primary Schools in Bonnyrigg; and Cornbank St James, Cuiken, Glencorse, Mauricewood and Strathesk Primary Schools in Penicuik. These changes have created a better balance between schools' capacities and demand for primary school places in these areas.

Significant house building has commenced in Bilston and Gorebridge and Council is in the process of building new primary schools in Bilston and North Gorebridge, and a replacement secondary school at Newbattle on the Mayfield Complex site, all due to open in August 2016.

In December 2012 Council decided that the Section 75 agreement for the Shawfair development should include a new secondary school at Shawfair, two additional non denominational primary schools and extension to Danderhall Primary School.

In October 2014 the Council was successful in obtaining funding (subject to consultation) from the Scotland's Schools for the Future Programme for the replacement of both Paradykes and Roslin Primary Schools.

On 18 November 2014 a report on the Midlothian Local Development Plan (MLDP) draft Proposed Plan was presented to Cabinet which has implications for education infrastructure and school catchment areas to support the proposed growth in Bonnyrigg and Auchendinny.

3.0 Primary School Estate

The issues arising from the preliminary consultation for the primary school estate yet to be addressed are:

3.1 Loanhead and Paradykes Primary Schools' catchment boundaries

There is a significant amount of new development within the current Loanhead catchment area but very little capacity at either Loanhead or Paradykes primary schools. In October 2014 Paradykes Primary School was the subject of a successful bid to the Scotland's Schools for the Future Programme and this will be the avenue to increase it up to two-stream capacity. A review of the schools' catchment areas will need to be undertaken in a timely manner to ensure that the Council makes best use of the capacities at both schools.

The proposal for the replacement of Paradykes Primary School is to relocate to a site adjacent to Loanhead Leisure Centre. The realignment of the catchment areas of the Loanhead primary schools should take this into account as well as any implications from the creation of the catchment area for the primary school in Bilston, given their shared boundaries.

It is proposed over the coming weeks to undertake informal consultation with community representatives, particularly in respect of any areas of existing housing affected by the proposals, and to undertake statutory consultation on the catchment review in 2015.

3.2 Newtongrange, Bonnyrigg and Mayfield Primary Schools' catchment boundaries

There is a considerable amount of new housing development within the current catchment areas of Newtongrange and Mayfield Primary Schools. Newtongrange is operating at capacity while Mayfield is under-occupied. Investment in Newtongrange Primary School has recently been completed which resolves the immediate pressure caused by additional pupil numbers arising from houses built in recent years. It had been planned that the housing developments in Mayfield and Newtongrange would deliver a new primary school but development on the major site has not commenced and shows no sign of doing so. Further extension of Newtongrange would be challenging and questionable whilst Mayfield Primary School remains under capacity.

A review of the catchment boundaries of the two primary schools is required in order to zone areas that will have pupils arising from committed housing developments to schools that will have capacity to accommodate them. The preferred option is to zone committed housing development sites "East Newtongrange" and "Lingerwood", which are situated along the catchment boundary, to Mayfield and to zone all of site "Cockpen Farm" to Newtongrange.

It is proposed over the coming weeks to undertake informal consultation with community representatives, particularly in respect of any areas of existing housing affected by the proposals, and to undertake statutory consultation on the catchment review in 2015.

3.3 Roman Catholic primary schools

There are seven denominational primary schools located across the county, with two oversubscribed and three undersubscribed, giving rise to a number of challenges. A proposal for consideration is to review the catchment boundaries for all these schools to ensure that capacities are better utilised.

The decision, as part of the Council's asset management strategy, to close the Dundas Buildings site, makes this an opportune time to consider the best location for

denominational primary school provision for the Bonnyrigg and Rosewell area. St Mary's primary school is currently in the same location as Dundas Buildings, while St Matthew's occupies a church owned building in Rosewell. Both schools are under-occupied and the fabric of both buildings requires significant investment. A possible solution could be to combine the two schools into a single stream school within the Bonnyrigg area.

It is proposed that a detailed feasibility study looking at the range of options available to the Council is undertaken, and a report brought back updating Council on the relative costs and benefits of these options.

It is proposed that further work is undertaken with Church and community representatives on the review of catchment boundaries of Midlothian's Roman Catholic primary schools and that formal consultation is deferred until the outcome of the feasibility study is known.

3.4 New Schools at Bilston and North Gorebridge

Significant house building has commenced in Bilston and Gorebridge in recent years and we are in the process of procuring new primary schools in both these areas, which are due to be in place for the start of the 2016/17 school session. Statutory consultation now needs to be undertaken to establish the catchment areas for these two new schools, one in Bilston and the other in North Gorebridge.

It is proposed over the coming weeks to undertake informal consultation with community representatives, particularly in respect of any areas of existing housing affected by the proposals, and to undertake statutory consultation to establish the catchment areas for these two schools in 2015.

3.5 School Catchment Review Programme

The issues relating to primary schools to be addressed in the next phase of the catchment review programme are summarised in the table below:

Programme of School(s) Catchment Consultations	
Catchment area for the new primary school at Bilston, opening August 2016	February / March 2015
Catchment area for the new primary school at North Gorebridge, opening August 2016	February / March 2015
Loanhead and Paradykes Primary Schools – School location, catchment boundaries and primary school provision for pupils arising from committed development sites	May/June 2015
Newtongrange, Bonnyrigg and Mayfield Primary Schools– catchment boundaries and primary school provision for pupils arising from committed development sites at Cockpen Farm, Mayfield and Newtongrange	September / October 2015

4.0 Local Development Plan Proposals

4.1 Primary education provision to cater for proposed growth in Bonnyrigg

The housing allocations proposed for Bonnyrigg are spread across the town. Meeting the demand for primary school places from the allocated sites will require additional capacity to be provided, and various options have been considered and discussed with local Members. The new housing will be delivered over an extended period, and the numbers of children arising from the new housing may change over this period making a final solution difficult to predict. However, the Proposed Plan has identified a requirement for a single-stream extension at Lasswade Primary School and a new two-stream school at the allocated housing site Hs12 (Hopefield Extension).

One of the options available to the Council to meet the future primary school capacity requirements is to replace the existing Lasswade Primary School on the existing site, with an additional stream bringing it up to a 3 stream school. Alternatively, the same approach could be taken with Hawthornden instead of Lasswade. Whichever option is progressed, a further catchment area review for all the Bonnyrigg primary schools will be required.

The replacement of either Lasswade or Hawthornden Primary Schools would have significant financial implications for the Council in finding its share of the required capital investment estimated at £9.8m (excluding associated costs such as surveys) with an increase in the revenue budget due to increased debt charges of £569k. It should be noted that these costs are based solely on the application of the SFT's metric for construction, and exclude a number of costs that are at this stage unquantifiable prior to a full feasibility study being carried out.

It is proposed that a detailed feasibility study looking at the range of options available to the Council is progressed as a matter of urgency, and a report brought back updating Council on the relative costs and benefits of these options.

4.2 Auchendinny

The proposed Local Development Plan contains a Settlement Statement for Penicuik/ Auchendinny which identifies the Auchendinny site capacity as 350 units, with 260 to be provided in the plan period up to 2024. The development requires the provision of a new single-stream primary school, and a site is identified which will allow the new school to relate well to both the new development and the likely wider school catchment.

The proposed new school at Auchendinny would replace Glencorse Primary School as well as provide for pupils arising from proposed housing development. The replacement of existing capacity at Glencorse Primary School would have financial implications for the council in finding its share of the required capital investment.

It is proposed that a detailed feasibility study looking at the range of options available to the Council is undertaken, and a report brought back updating Council on the relative costs and benefits of these options.

5.0 Secondary School Estate

There are a number of options arising from the preliminary consultation regarding Midlothian's non-denominational secondary school estate to address increasing and changing populations across the county which are critical to a sustainable school estate and the delivery of a full curriculum. These primarily concern the number, location and

associated catchments of secondary schools serving Midlothian's communities, including the following issues:-

- Secondary school provision for the communities along the A701 corridor;
- Potential of a site for a single secondary school to serve the Penicuik area - projected pupil numbers in the Penicuik area cannot sustain two separate secondary schools over the forthcoming years;
- Secondary school provision for pupils from the proposed new community at Redheugh / Prestonholm;

The current distribution of housing stock across Midlothian's communities and primary school catchments along with the planned and proposed housing developments is shown in the table below.

Secondary Associated School		Existing Housing	Planned Development	Proposed Development	Total Houses
Primary School					
Penicuik	Cornbank	1,037	100		1,137
	Cuiken	1,856	294		2,150
	Strathesk	2,454	67	32	2,553
		5,347	461	32	5,840
Beeslack	Glencorse	427	132	350	909
	Mauricewood	1,641	433		2,074
	Bilston	430	300	550	1,280
	Roslin	879	70	460	1,409
		3,377	935	1,360	5,672
Lasswade	Bonnyrigg	1,403	219	660	2,282
	Hawthornden	2,108			2,108
	Burnbrae	1,118	679	750	2,547
	Lasswade	2,203	0	71	2,274
	Loanhead	1,632	238	100	1,970
	Paradykes	1,500	0		1,500
	Rosewell	790	465	60	1,315
		10,754	1,601	1,641	13,996
Newbattle	Gorebridge x 2	2,254	1,053	78	3,385
	Redheugh		700	600	1,300
	Lawfield	2,069	263	60	2,392
	Mayfield	1,605	549		2,154
	Moorfoot	387	15		402
	Newtongrange	2,312	443		2,755
	Stobhill	853	164		1,017
		9,480	3,187	738	13,405
Dalkeith	Kings Park	3,168	465	100	3,733
	Tynewater	907	67		974
	Woodburn	2,643	952	95	3,690
		6,718	1,484	195	8,397
Shawfair	Danderhall	1,417	496		1,913
	Shawfair x 2		3,500		3,500
	Newton			700	700
		1,417	3,996	700	6,113
Midlothian Total Houses		37,093	11,664	4,666	53,423

The numbers of secondary pupils generated from established housing across the county attending Midlothian non denominational schools equates to 130 pupils for every 1,000 houses. The number is higher for new housing, which we estimate generates 200 secondary pupils for every 1,000 houses. These numbers are based on experience to date and on the traditional delivery model for secondary curriculum, which may change as Curriculum for Excellence becomes more established.

Views from Midlothian's group of secondary school head teachers vary but there is universal agreement that, in the Midlothian context, schools below 750 pupils are undesirable due to the consequent restrictions in curricula choices, and overall sustainability. The group also felt there were benefits in larger schools being able to attract high calibre staff from a wider pool of candidates as a career pathway would lead to a bigger school with more responsibilities and opportunities. There was general agreement that an upper limit of about 1,800 pupils would achieve a reasonable balance. The 2013 Scottish School Estate Statistics show that only 1 out of 365 secondary schools has a roll over 1800 pupils.

Using these parameters indicates that for a Midlothian community to be able to sustain a secondary school with no less than 750 pupils, it should have at least 6,000 houses. It also indicates that a community with more than 13,000 houses is going to generate more pupils than would be seen as optimum for one secondary school.

5.1 Secondary school provision for the communities along the A701 corridor

The current, planned and proposed housing for the A701 corridor with primary school catchment areas grouped into those in the Penicuik area and those in the remainder of the A701 corridor is shown in the table below:

A701 Corridor

Primary Schools	Housing Stock	Development Planned	Development Proposed	Houses Sub Total
Penicuik Area				
Cornbank	1,037	100		1,137
Cuiken	1,856	294		2,150
Strathesk	2,454	67	32	2,553
Glencorse	427	132	350	909
Mauricewood	1,641	433		2,074
	7,415	1,026	382	8,823
A701 Area				
Bilston	430	300	550	1,280
Roslin	879	70	460	1,409
Loanhead	1,632	238	100	1,970
Paradykes	1,500	0		1,500
	4,441	608	1,110	6,159
Total A701 Houses	11,856	1,634	1,492	14,982

The housing developments proposed for the A701 corridor in the Local Plan will bring the amount of housing in the Loanhead/Bilston/Roslin area to a level which should sustain a secondary school to serve those communities. The timing of the delivery of that school requires further consideration and will need to take into account pressures on capacity at Lasswade High School, which is currently the associated secondary school for Loanhead and Paradykes Primary Schools, as well as the availability of capital funding and the likely pace of housing development. The draft 2014 Housing Land Audit indicates a

pace of development that will take until 2025/26 for the number of houses built in this area to exceed 6,000 units.

In order to allow for the future provision of a school it is proposed at this time that a potential site be identified for a secondary school to serve the A701 corridor and that a detailed feasibility study looking at all the options available to the Council is undertaken, and a report brought back updating Council on the relative costs, benefits, timing and risks of each option.

5.2 Site for a single secondary school serving the Penicuik area

The current, planned and proposed housing for the Penicuik primary schools associated school groups and current and projected pupil numbers, is shown in the tables below:

Secondary Associated School	Housing Stock	Development Planned	Development Proposed	Houses Sub Total
Penicuik				
Cornbank	1,037	100		1,137
Cuiken	1,856	294		2,150
Strathesk	2,454	67	32	2,553
	5,347	461	32	5,840
Beeslack				
Glencorse	427	132	350	909
Mauricewood	1,641	433		2,074
Bilston	430	300	550	1,280
Roslin	879	70	460	1,409
	3,377	935	1,360	5,672
Total	8,724	1,396	1,392	11,512

Pupil Rolls

	Census			Projection				
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2020	2025	2030	2040
Beeslack	820	780	739	715	510	500	630	940
Penicuik	573	566	568	575	700	700	700	750
	1,393	1,346	1,307	1,290	1,210	1,200	1,330	1,690

The current and planned level of housing in the Penicuik area is insufficient to sustain two secondary schools each with a minimum pupil roll of 750 pupils. The 2014 pupil census shows both school rolls are now below that critical level. The planned and proposed housing development will bring more pupils into the area but what is planned will not be enough to sustain two secondary schools with the desirable level of pupils. In the meantime the pupil roll across both schools will continue to fall and we estimate that it will take until 2030 to begin to see any significant increase in the number of secondary pupils in the Penicuik area.

Each of the existing school sites is capable of accommodating a single secondary school to serve the Penicuik community. No other suitable site in the Penicuik area has yet been identified.

It is critical that the Council ensures it is well prepared and has a strategy in place which will allow it to bid for funding for any replacement school through further Schools for the Future funding awards from the Scottish Futures Trust.

It is therefore proposed that a detailed feasibility study looking at all the options available to the Council is progressed as a matter of urgency, and a report brought back updating Council on the relative costs, benefits and timing of each option.

5.3 Shawfair and a '3-18 School'

The Shawfair development of 3,990 houses is planned to deliver a secondary school, two additional primary schools and an extension to Danderhall Primary School. In addition the Local Development Plan proposes housing development at Newton Farm, which should also be taken into consideration in planning education provision for Shawfair.

An option that Midlothian has not had the opportunity to consider to date is a 3–18 school, where one school caters for the full time educational needs of children from the ages of 3 to 18. This model has long been associated with private (independent) schools but is becoming increasingly popular with Scotland's local authorities. In the 3rd phase of the Scotland's Schools for the Future programme, eight local authorities submitted plans to build 3–18 schools.

There is a pressing requirement to come to a decision on the site for the new Shawfair High School in the very near future, and whether it needs to be sized to accommodate a 3-18 school. If the 3–18 school is employed at Shawfair, either Danderhall Primary School or alternatively one of the new primary schools could be co-located with the new Shawfair High School.

The secondary school at Shawfair is projected to be required by the mid 2020's, although it will take several years to reach a sustainable capacity. The 3-18 school would contribute to the viability and operational costs of a new Shawfair High School's sustainability in the early years of this development.

It is proposed that a detailed feasibility study looking at the range of options available to the Council is progressed as a matter of urgency, and a report brought back to Council updating Council on the relative costs, benefits and timing of these options.

5.4 Secondary school provision for the new community at Redheugh / Prestonholm

The current distribution of housing stock across the primary school catchments in Newbattle High Schools Associated School Group, along with the planned and proposed housing developments is shown in the table below. This includes 1,300 houses for the proposed new community at Redheugh/Prestonholm, for which the Local Plan states that secondary school places can be provided at either Lasswade or Newbattle High Schools, as this development is located on the boundary of the two schools.

Newbattle Associated School Group

Primary School	Housing Stock	Development Planned	Development Proposed	Houses Sub Total
Gorebridge x 2	2,254	1,053	78	3,385
Stobhill	853	164		1,017
Redheugh		700	600	1,300
Moorfoot	387	15		402
Newtongrange	2,312	443		2,755
Lawfield	2,069	263	60	2,392
Mayfield	1,605	549		2,154
Total	9,480	3,187	738	13,405

Across the county we would expect this size of community to generate more secondary pupils than would be optimally served by one school. However a significant proportion of the pupils in Newbattle High School's catchment area do not attend Newbattle but exercise their entitlement to parental choice and travel instead to Dalkeith High School (8%) or Lasswade High School (8%). In addition, the proportion of pupils resident in Newbattle High School's catchment area who opt to attend St David's High School is significantly greater than that from other school areas. The combined effect of these two factors is to depress the pupil roll at Newbattle High School by approximately 20%.

The replacement Newbattle High School is being planned with a capacity for 1,200 pupils, with an option to extend this to 1,500 at a later date. The newly built school may prove to be sufficiently attractive to parents to result in a greater proportion of families choosing to send their children to the school built to serve their community, but it will take some time for this to become evident.

There has been sufficient capacity to date at Dalkeith High School and Lasswade High School to grant the vast majority of placing requests. However, as housing development in Bonnyrigg and Dalkeith continues apace, that flexibility may no longer be available. On the other hand, the introduction of a new secondary school at Shawfair would take the pressure off capacity at Dalkeith High School and a new secondary school to serve the A701 corridor would likewise relieve the pressure on capacity at Lasswade High School.

The issues associated with parental choice within the Newbattle catchment and the potential for this to change in the years after the replacement school is constructed, makes it difficult to predict a final solution for secondary provision in the Newbattle / Gorebridge communities

As such there is therefore no immediate requirement to make a decision in respect of the provision for the Redheugh/Prestonholm community. However to ensure the Council is not limited in its future options it is proposed that a potential site be identified for a secondary school to serve the Gorebridge area and that a detailed feasibility study looking at all the range of options available to the Council is undertaken, and a report brought back updating Council on the relative costs, benefits, risks and timing of these options.

6.0 Report implications

6.1 Resource

Resources are required to prepare for and undertake the programme of catchment reviews identified in this report. Annual salary costs are estimated at £75,000, based on

two members of staff, one Project Officer (grade 8) and one Information Analyst (grade 6). The printing costs of consultation leaflets are estimated at £1,000 per consultation.

Resources are also required to fund the seven feasibility studies proposed in this report which may cost in the region of £5,000 to £10,000 each.

Whilst the Education Service, and Finance and Integrated Service Support have capacity to provide some of the resources required to take forward the recommendations in this report additional resources will be required to augment these. An assessment of the additional staffing resource together with the cost of feasibility studies will be completed and it is expected that funding can be secured for any shortfall from the Business Transformation Funds.

6.2 Risk

- a) House building in certain areas may be disrupted because of insufficient primary school provision to support the planned growth in housing.
- b) Delays in decision making could affect parental choices, leading parents to make choices they otherwise would not have made, the consequences of which could be blamed on the Council.
- c) Not progressing the catchment reviews increases the risk of a mismatch between existing school capacity and projected pupils from the catchments resulting in a funding requirement for additional capacity in some areas whilst existing capacity is underutilised

6.3 Policy

a) Strategy

The aim of this paper is in accordance with the corporate objective to provide suitable infrastructure for the efficient and effective delivery of services to meet the full range of community needs and with the directorate priority to provide increased access to educational facilities and resources through effective school estate asset management planning. It also supports the priority to improve the quality of learning and teaching, leading to raised levels of achievement and attainment.

b) Consultation

Consultation on various aspects of the paper has taken place with different stakeholders including councillors and officers. This report proposes informal consultation with communities affected as well as a number of statutory consultations.

c) Equalities

This paper does not propose a new policy or changes to existing ones, although it strongly establishes the case for the development of one.

d) Sustainability

There are no sustainability issues relating to this report; however it underlines the necessity for a sustainable school estate strategy.

7.0 Recommendations

It is recommended that Council approves

- (i) statutory consultation to establish the catchment areas for the new non-denominational primary schools in Bilston and North Gorebridge, due to open in August 2016;
- (ii) statutory consultation on the proposed changes to the school catchment areas of Loanhead and Paradykes Primary Schools;
- (iii) statutory consultation on the proposed changes to the school catchment areas of Newtongrange, Mayfield and Bonnyrigg Primary Schools;
- (iv) detailed feasibility studies looking at a range of options available to the Council to provide primary school capacity for the proposed growth in Bonnyrigg and Auchendinny to be progressed by the end of 2014/15 ;
- (v) a detailed feasibility study looking at a range of options available to the Council for Roman Catholic primary school provision in the Bonnyrigg/Rosewell area to be progressed by the end of 2014/15;
- (vi) a detailed feasibility study looking at a range of options for secondary school provision for Shawfair and the option of a '3 - 18 School' to be progressed by the end of 2014/15;
- (vii) the identification of potential sites for secondary schools to serve Penicuik, the A701 corridor and Gorebridge, and preparation of detailed feasibility studies looking at the range of options available to the Council to be progressed by the end of 2014/15;
- (viii) preparation of an updated School Estate Management Plan;

3 December 2014

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Appendix 1

Pupil Census 2014

Supporting Papers

Report to Seminar of Midlothian Council on 11 November 2014

Appendix 1

Pupil Census 2014

Primary	Student Stage breakdown									
School Name	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	P7	Total Roll	Capacity	% Occupancy
Bonnyrigg Primary School	62	55	60	65	66	64	63	435	420	103.6%
Burnbrae Primary School	60	48	42	30	27	21	28	256	420	61.0%
Cornbank Primary School	24	28	45	39	26	30	45	237	330	71.8%
Cuiken Primary School	27	36	32	26	38	41	33	233	255	91.4%
Danderhall Primary School	36	37	26	39	34	41	29	242	305	79.3%
Glencorse Primary School	5	5	6	6		3	2	27	100	27.0%
Gorebridge Primary School	56	38	40	42	49	46	42	313	380	82.4%
Hawthornden Primary School	36	45	51	46	57	53	49	337	380	88.7%
King's Park Primary School	75	58	69	65	79	64	34	444	485	91.5%
Lasswade Primary School	48	54	51	62	64	54	52	385	380	101.3%
Lawfield Primary School	58	27	42	45	29	35	29	265	355	74.6%
Loanhead Primary School	24	25	25	30	30	26	18	178	205	86.8%
Mauricewood Primary School	47	49	54	48	46	41	66	351	460	76.3%
Mayfield Primary School	44	28	42	24	33	31	25	227	380	59.7%
Moorfoot Primary School	13	15	16	16	10	16	11	97	100	97.0%
Newtongrange Primary School	55	59	47	48	45	59	42	355	420	84.5%
Paradykes Primary School	28	45	32	45	27	40	33	250	330	75.8%
Rosewell Primary School	22	12	19	16	10	19	7	105	190	55.3%
Roslin Primary School	32	32	35	38	24	37	31	229	305	75.1%
Sacred Heart Primary School	20	20	15	16	12	13	10	106	125	84.8%
St Andrew's Primary School	22	24	22	15	24	18	20	145	175	82.9%
St David's RC Primary School	26	29	30	29	27	28	18	187	205	91.2%
St Luke's Primary School	24	26	34	25	19	21	18	167	205	81.5%
St Margaret's Primary School	11	3	9	6	7	6	8	50	100	50.0%
St Mary's Primary School	19	14	24	19	23	16	21	136	280	48.6%
St Matthew's Primary School	2	4	2	4	2	1	8	23	75	30.7%
Stobhill Primary School	27	25	29	25	25	21	26	178	210	84.8%
Strathesk Primary School	40	56	51	51	39	32	52	321	380	84.5%
Tynewater Primary School	20	19	28	18	25	16	11	137	205	66.8%
Woodburn Primary School	61	65	52	55	49	52	55	389	630	61.7%
	1,024	981	1,030	993	946	945	886	6,805	8,790	77.4%
Secondary	Student Stage breakdown									
School Name	S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6		Total Roll	Capacity	% Occupancy
Beeslack Community High School	107	120	138	127	134	113		739	860	85.9%
Dalkeith High School	148	159	144	177	158	106		892	1,050	85.0%
Lasswade High School Centre	282	259	265	275	206	143		1,430	1,480	96.6%
Newbattle High School	156	162	187	173	123	69		870	1,050	82.9%
Penicuik High School	99	96	93	84	120	73		565	945	59.8%
St David's RC High School	82	99	126	120	128	71		626	1,050	59.6%
	874	895	953	956	869	575		5,122	6,435	79.6%
Special										
School Name										
Saltergate School								114	100	114.0%
								12,041	15,325	78.6%

School capacities yet to be reviewed in line with national guidelines for primary school capacities issued in October 2014