Appendix C

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The Leaders and Chief Executives of all Scottish
local authorities

19 December 2023

LOCAL GOVERNMENT SETTLEMENT 2024-25

Today I formally set out the Scottish Government's proposed Budget for 2024-25 to the Scottish Parliament. Further to the budget statement I write now to confirm the details of the local government finance settlement for 2024-25.

This draft budget prioritises supporting people through the cost-of-living crisis, investing in our frontline public services, and tackling the climate emergency head-on. It focuses on our three missions:

- Community Delivering efficient and effective public services
- Equality Tackling poverty and protecting people from harm
- Opportunity Building a fair, green and growing economy

This Budget comes at a difficult fiscal period for Scotland. The economic conditions for the 2024-25 Scottish Budget are set to remain challenging as inflationary and pay pressures continue to impact on households, businesses and public bodies. The funding provided by the UK Government in the Autumn Statement fell far short of what we needed. Scotland needed more money for infrastructure, public services and fair pay deals. Instead, the Autumn Statement delivered a real terms reduction in the total block grant. The UK Government have not inflation-proofed their Capital Budget which is forecast to result in a 9.8% real terms cut in our UK capital funding over the medium term between 2023-24 and 2027-28.

It is also important to recognise the positive change in the relationship between the Scottish Government and local government. On 30 June of this year we signed the Verity House Agreement which set out our vision for a more collaborative approach to delivering our shared priorities for the people of Scotland. We agreed to change the way we work together, building a relationship on mutual trust and respect; focusing on achievement of better







outcomes; and consulting and collaborating as early as possible in policy areas where local government has a key interest.

We committed to regularly reviewing councils' powers and funding, with the expectation that services will be delivered at a local level unless agreed otherwise; and to develop a framework for collecting and sharing evidence to ensure progress is maintained.

We also undertook to agree a new Fiscal Framework governing how local authorities' funding is allocated, reducing ring-fencing and giving greater control over budgets to meet local needs. On Thursday 14 December we jointly published an update on the development of this fiscal framework and our officials will continue to work together to develop this further. We also wish to work with COSLA through the development of that Fiscal Framework to ensure the distribution arrangements for the settlement continue to meet the needs of our remotest communities and changing population. In this regard, I am open to considering adjusting the funding floor percentage ahead of the Local Government Order and would welcome any views on this or other elements of distribution as part of the consultation to the order due to publish on Thursday 21 December."

As part of our discussions with you on the new fiscal framework we will also seek to increase discretion for local authorities to determine and set fees and charges locally. This will include continuing our joint work to agree next steps following the recently closed consultation on building warrant and verification fees, and a consultation on planning fees to launch in early 2024. We also intend to explore with local government options in respect of other fees and charges which are currently levied locally but set nationally, with a view to further empowering councils in these areas.

The intention is that the indicative allocations to individual local authorities for 2024-25 will be published in a Local Government Finance Circular on Thursday 21 December. That circular will begin the statutory consultation period on the settlement.

The total funding which the Scottish Government will make available to local government in 2024-25 through the settlement will be over £14 billion for the first time should all 32 councils agree to freeze council tax. This includes:

- An additional £6m to support the expansion of Free School Meals;
- An additional £11.5m to support the uprating of Free Personal and Nursing Care rates:
- Additional funding of £230m to deliver a £12 per hour minimum pay settlement for adult social care workers in commissioned services via agreed contract uplifts;
- An additional £6.8m for Discretionary Housing Payments
- £145.5m to continue to maintain teachers and support staff (on which further detail will follow) as well as £242m to support teacher pay uplifts;

This excludes funding for teacher pension contributions. As you are aware there will be an increase in the employer contribution rate in the Scottish Teachers' Pension Scheme. The rate is set to increase from 23% to 26% from 1 April 2024, following the conclusion of the 2020 scheme valuation. The UK Government have publicly stated that the funding will be allocated to individual UK Government departments in Spring 2024. Scottish Ministers will make decisions on funding allocations once the UK Government funding position is clearer and the implications for consequentials are understood.







Discussions with COSLA are also underway to finalise the costs of delivering the £12 per hour minimum pay commitment for PVI providers delivering children's social care, bringing this in line with ELC and adult social care. Following discussions with COSLA, and approval through the formal financial governance process, our aim is to provide additional funding in 2024-25 for children's social care.

The funding allocated to Integration Authorities for Free Personal and Nursing Care and adult social care pay in commissioned services should be additional and not substitutional to each Council's 2023-24 recurring budgets for adult social care services that are delegated. This means that, when taken together, Local Authority adult social care budgets for allocation to Integration Authorities must be £241.5 million greater than 2023-24 recurring budgets to ensure funding from Health and Social Care Portfolio contributes to meeting outcomes in this area. Where there is evidence funding is not passed across to be used for the policy intent, the Scottish Government reserves the right to look at reclaiming this.

Within the Verity House approach, Scottish Government and Local Government are committed to developing a joint overarching framework of outcomes, accountability and monitoring. It is envisaged that this framework will be finalised by spring 2024. In the meantime, this settlement includes almost £1 billion of funding which has been baselined into the General Revenue Grant, as part of our commitment under the Verity House Agreement to remove ring-fencing and increase funding flexibilities to local authorities, subject to agreeing the detail set out below. As I have advised the COSLA President, Vice President and Resources Spokesperson in our pre-budget engagement, the baselining exercise has required us to restate the fiscal position for prior years to meet Parliamentary expectation on budget presentation. In light of this restatement, I have asked my officials to provide the necessary data to ensure that the reconciliations are clearly understood by COSLA.

The baseline proposals will deliver flexibilities across Social Care, Education, Social Justice, Net Zero and Justice. The detail of the individual lines is set out in the Annex to this letter.

In return, our expectation is that Councils will continue to deliver all statutory and contractual commitments associated with the relevant funding. In relation to the funding for Social Care being baselined we expect the continued payment of the living wage to adult social care staff in commissioned services, with Councils benefitting from flexibility on how that is delivered locally.

Alongside this, we expect that local government will continue in good faith to engage in a range of discussions about future policy direction. Given the joint work required to progress the delivery of the National Care Service, and the positive progress made so far, we expect this to continue, with every effort being made to reach agreement on outstanding matters in relation to arrangements for the chairs of local boards, direct funding and consistency of delegation.

Our offer to baseline £564.1m of education funding is conditional upon the agreement that, by the end March 2024, the assurance framework being sought by the Cabinet Secretary for Education and Skills is in place and that the new joint Education Assurance Board has been







established. In light of the £521.9 million of early learning and childcare (ELC) funding which is being baselined, I am also seeking your agreement to commit publicly to exploring options for a national indicative rate or range of rates for the ELC PVI sector to secure their financial sustainability in future years.

Further discussion on flexibility on other Education funding lines will take place within the Education Assurance Board once it is operational. Our expectation is also that Councils will continue to honour the existing joint agreement on provision of free school meals on a universal basis to primary 4, 5 and special school pupils, building upon our earlier agreement with respect to universal provision to primary 1 to 3 pupils.

This baselining is an initial step in the process of embedding the Verity House Agreement and is not a one-off event. I have emphasised the need for further movement in Budget 2025-26 to my Cabinet colleagues and over the coming months we will be identifying further lines which could be considered and put forward for baselining supported by the outcomes, accountability and monitoring framework to be agreed in the coming months.

The Scottish Government is committed to working in partnership with Local Government to deliver a national freeze on Council Tax in 2024-25. We have engaged closely with you to discuss the parameters and principles for identifying funding to support this commitment and will continue discussions during the coming months to reach agreement. Consequently, we have set aside £144 million to fund a freeze in Council Tax across each of Scotland's 32 local authorities. The funding earmarked is equivalent to a 5% increase in Council Tax nationally, taking into account the average rise to Council Tax in 2023-24, whilst recognising that inflationary pressures have eased in the last 12 months.

The funding represents the Council Tax revenue that might have been raised (net revenue), and excludes the forgone revenue associated with the increased cost of the Council Tax Reduction scheme, and other deductions (gross revenue), which Council Tax rises would have caused. On this basis we will seek the agreement of councils to freezing their Council Tax in 2024-25, and as I have indicated this week, I remain open to continued dialogue as to how we might best achieve that.

In respect of the statutory accounting framework and discussions on its robustness over the past number of years, I can also confirm that I have no plans in the immediate future to commence the Capital Accounting Review which was proposed in the Resources Spending Review in May 2022.

Should all councils agree to freeze Council Tax, the 2024-25 Local Government Settlement of over £14 billion offers an increase equivalent to 6.0% in cash terms since the 2023-24 budget. It continues to provide local government with a funding settlement that is both fair and affordable, under the most challenging of circumstances. Critically, in the face of a worst-case scenario Autumn Statement and amongst all the difficult decisions in the Budget, we have increased the Local Government Settlement's share of the discretionary budget.

I acknowledge that this Budget cannot deliver the resources all our partners will want. I am under no illusions about the challenging fiscal environment we face across all of our public services, not only this year but in years to come. This Budget addresses key priorities, targets resources on low-income households and paves the way for future investment in this







Parliament. It treats local authorities fairly and consistently with other portfolios. Scottish Ministers have had to take difficult decisions which have allowed us to prioritise funding and invest in the areas which have the greatest impact on the quality of life for the people who call Scotland home.

I look forward to working with COSLA in the year ahead to deliver our shared priorities and to continue to fully implement the Verity House Agreement.

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ANNEX A

FUNDING BASELINED IN 2024-25

Funding Line	Proposal (£m)
Local Heat and Energy Efficient Strategies	2.4
Community Justice Partnership Funding	2.0
Living Wage	333.5
Blue Badge	0.72
Free Personal and Nursing Care	42.3
Former Housing Support Grant	1.0
Free period products in schools and public places	4.9
Early Learning and Childcare Specific Revenue Grant	521.9
Free School Meals	42.2
Total (£m)	£950.92



