

Notice of Review: 17 Neatoune Drive, Danderhall Determination Report

Report by Chief Officer Place

1 Purpose of Report

1.1 The purpose of this report is to provide a framework for the Local Review Body (LRB) to consider a 'Notice of Review' for the erection of a 1.8m timber fence and consequential demolition of wall and change to landscaping at 17 Neatoune Drive, Danderhall.

2 Background

- 2.1 Planning application 23/00753/DPP for the erection of a 1.8m timber fence and consequential demolition of wall and change to landscaping at 17 Neatoune Drive, Danderhall was refused planning permission on 19 January 2024; a copy of the decision is attached to this report.
- 2.2 The review has progressed through the following stages:
 - 1 Submission of Notice of Review by the applicant.
 - 2 The Registration and Acknowledgement of the Notice of Review.
 - 3 Carrying out Notification and Consultation.

3 Supporting Documents

- 3.1 Attached to this report are the following documents:
 - A site location plan (Appendix A);
 - A copy of the notice of review form and supporting statement (Appendix B). Any duplication of information is not attached;
 - A copy of the case officer's report (Appendix C);
 - A copy of the decision notice, excluding the standard advisory notes, issued on 19 January 2024 (Appendix D); and
 - A copy of the key plans/drawings (Appendix E).
- 3.2 The full planning application case file and the development plan policies referred to in the case officer's report can be viewed online via www.midlothian.gov.uk.

4 Procedures

4.1 In accordance with agreed procedures, the LRB:

- Have determined to undertake a site visit (only elected members attending the site visit can participate in the determination of the review); and
- Have determined to progress the review by written submissions.
- 4.2 The case officer's report identified that there were no consultations and no representations received.
- 4.3 The next stage in the process is for the LRB to determine the review in accordance with the agreed procedure:
 - Identify any provisions of the development plan which are relevant to the decision;
 - Interpret them carefully, looking at the aims and objectives of the plan as well as detailed wording of policies;
 - Consider whether or not the proposal accords with the development plan;
 - Identify and consider relevant material considerations for and against the proposal;
 - Assess whether these considerations warrant a departure from the development plan; and
 - State the reason/s for the decision and state any conditions required if planning permission is granted.
- 4.4 In reaching a decision on the case the planning advisor can advise on appropriate phraseology and on appropriate planning reasons for reaching a decision.
- 4.5 Following the determination of the review the planning advisor will prepare a decision notice for issuing through the Chair of the LRB. A copy of the decision notice will be reported back to the LRB for noting.
- 4.6 A copy of the LRB decision will be placed on the planning authority's planning register and made available for inspection online.

5 Conditions

- 5.1 In accordance with the procedures agreed by the LRB at its meeting of 20 June 2022, and without prejudice to the determination of the review, the following condition has been prepared for the consideration of the LRB if it is minded to uphold the review and grant planning permission.
 - 1. The development to which this permission relates shall commence no later than the expiration of three years beginning with the date of this permission.

Reason: To accord with the provisions of Section 58 of the Town and Country Planning (Scotland) Act 1997 (as amended by the Planning (Scotland) Act 2019).

6 Recommendations

- 6.1 It is recommended that the LRB:
 - a) determine the review; and
 - b) the planning advisor draft and issue the decision of the LRB through the Chair

Peter Arnsdorf Planning, Sustainable Growth and Investment Manager

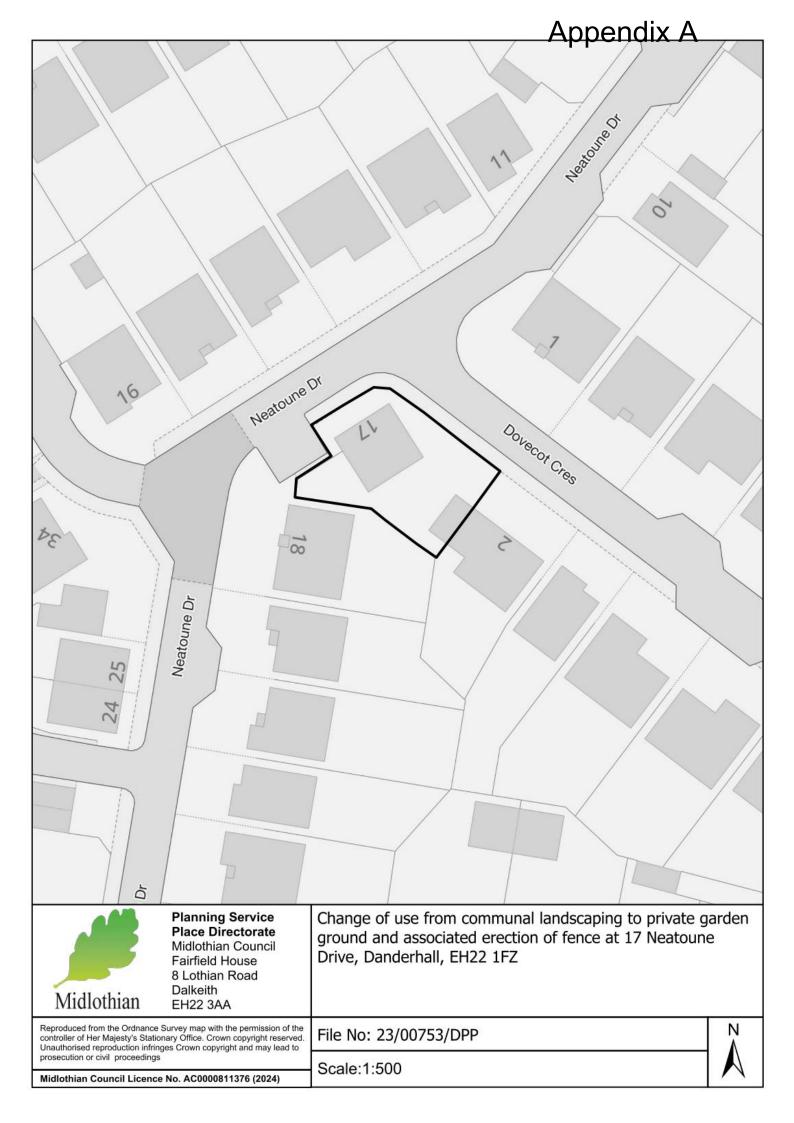
Date: 3 May 2024

Report Contact: Mhairi-Anne Cowie, Planning Officer

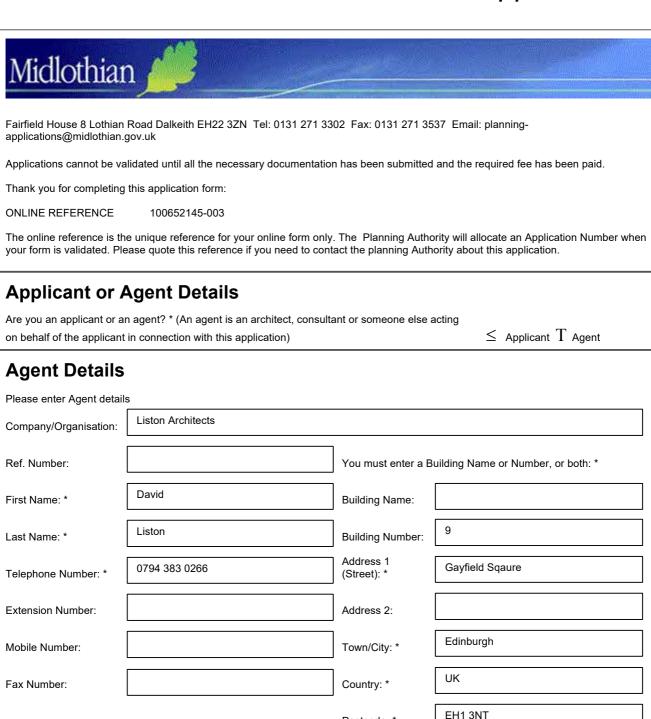
Mhairi-Anne.Cowie@midlothian.gov.uk

Background Papers: Planning application 23/00753/DPP available for

inspection online.



Appendix B



Postcode: *

Is the applicant an individual or an organisation/corporate entity? $\ensuremath{^{\star}}$

david@listonarchitects.co.uk

T Individual ≤ Organisation/Corporate entity

Email Address: *

Applicant Details					
Please enter Applicant details					
Title:	Mr	You must enter a Bu	ilding Name or Number, or both: *		
Other Title:		Building Name:			
First Name: *	Stelios	Building Number:	17		
Last Name: *	Kornaros	Address 1 (Street): *	Neatoune Drive		
Company/Organisation		Address 2:			
Telephone Number: *		Town/City: *	Danderhall		
Extension Number:		Country: *	UK		
Mobile Number:		Postcode: *	EH22 1FZ		
Fax Number:					
Email Address: *					
Site Address Details					
Planning Authority:	Midlothian Council				
Full postal address of th	ne site (including postcode where available	e):			
Address 1:	17 NEATOUNE DRIVE				
Address 2:	DANDERHALL				
Address 3:					
Address 4:					
Address 5:					
Town/City/Settlement:	DALKEITH				
Post Code:	EH22 1FZ				
Please identify/describe the location of the site or sites					
Northing	669440	Easting	331166		

Description of Proposal

Please provide a description of your proposal to which your review relates. The description should be the same as given in the application form, or as amended with the agreement of the planning authority: * (Max 500 characters)

Change of use from communal landscaping to private garden ground and associated erection of fence at 17 Neatoune Drive, Danderhall, EH22 1FZ (description as amended by MLC Planning Department)

Type of Application

What type of application did you submit to the planning authority? *

- Υ Application for planning permission (including householder application but excluding application to work minerals).
- ≤ Application for planning permission in principle.
- ≤ Further application.
- ≤ Application for approval of matters specified in conditions.

What does your review relate to? *

- T Refusal Notice.
- ≤ Grant of permission with Conditions imposed.
- No decision reached within the prescribed period (two months after validation date or any agreed extension) deemed refusal.

Statement of reasons for seeking review

You must state in full, why you are a seeking a review of the planning authority's decision (or failure to make a decision). Your statement must set out all matters you consider require to be taken into account in determining your review. If necessary this can be provided as a separate document in the 'Supporting Documents' section: * (Max 500 characters)

Note: you are unlikely to have a further opportunity to add to your statement of appeal at a later date, so it is essential that you produce all of the information you want the decision-maker to take into account.

You should not however raise any new matter which was not before the planning authority at the time it decided your application (or at the time expiry of the period of determination), unless you can demonstrate that the new matter could not have been raised before that time or that it not being raised before that time is a consequence of exceptional circumstances.

Please refer to Supporting Document	
Have you raised any matters which were not before the appointed officer at the time the Determination on your application was made? *	≤ Yes T No
If yes, you should explain in the box below, why you are raising the new matter, why it was not raised with the ap your application was determined and why you consider it should be considered in your review: * (Max 500 character)	

Please provide a list of all supporting documents, materials and evidence which you wish to to rely on in support of your review. You can attach these documents electronically later in the			d intend
17 Neatoune Drive Planning Appeal			
Application Details			
Please provide the application reference no. given to you by your planning authority for your previous application.	23/00753/DPP		
What date was the application submitted to the planning authority? *	23/11/2023		
What date was the decision issued by the planning authority? *	19/01/2024		
Review Procedure			
The Local Review Body will decide on the procedure to be used to determine your review and may at any time during the review process require that further information or representations be made to enable them to determine the review. Further information may be required by one or a combination of procedures, such as: written submissions; the holding of one or more hearing sessions and/or inspecting the land which is the subject of the review case.			
Can this review continue to a conclusion, in your opinion, based on a review of the relevant parties only, without any further procedures? For example, written submission, hearing sess \leq Yes T No		ourself and	other
Please indicate what procedure (or combination of procedures) you think is most appropriate select more than one option if you wish the review to be a combination of procedures.	e for the handling of your	review. You	ı may
Please select a further procedure *			
By means of inspection of the land to which the review relates			
Please explain in detail in your own words why this further procedure is required and the ma will deal with? (Max 500 characters)	tters set out in your state	ement of app	eal it
Inspection of context is important			
In the event that the Local Review Body appointed to consider your application decides to in	spect the site, in your op	inion:	
Can the site be clearly seen from a road or public land? *		Yes ≤ No	
Is it possible for the site to be accessed safely and without barriers to entry? * Tyes \leq No			

Checklist - Application for Notice of Review

Please complete the following checklist to make sure you have provided all the necessary information in support of your appeal. Failure to submit all this information may result in your appeal being deemed invalid.

Have you provided the name and address of the applicant?. *

 $T \text{ Yes} \leq \text{No}$

Have you provided the date and reference number of the application which is the subject of this review? *

 $T \text{ Yes} \leq \text{ No}$

review?

If you are the agent, acting on behalf of the applicant, have you provided details of your name and address and indicated whether any notice or correspondence required in connection with the review should be sent to you or the applicant? *

 $T \text{ Yes} \leq No \leq N/A$

Have you provided a statement setting out your reasons for requiring a review and by what procedure (or combination of procedures) you wish the review to be conducted? *

 $T_{\text{Yes}} < N_0$

Note: You must state, in full, why you are seeking a review on your application. Your statement must set out all matters you consider require to be taken into account in determining your review. You may not have a further opportunity to add to your statement of review at a later date. It is therefore essential that you submit with your notice of review, all necessary information and evidence that you rely on and wish the Local Review Body to consider as part of your review.

Please attach a copy of all documents, material and evidence which you intend to rely on (e.g. plans and Drawings) which are now the subject of this review *

 $T \text{ Yes} \leq \text{ No}$

Note: Where the review relates to a further application e.g. renewal of planning permission or modification, variation or removal of a planning condition or where it relates to an application for approval of matters specified in conditions, it is advisable to provide the application reference number, approved plans and decision notice (if any) from the earlier consent.

Declare - Notice of Review

I/We the applicant/agent certify that this is an application for review on the grounds stated.

Declaration Name: Mr David Liston

Declaration Date: 08/04/2024

17 Neatoune Drive Danderhall EH22 1FZ

LOCAL REVIEW BODY APPEAL

PLANNING PERMISSION TO ERECT FENCE REF: 23/00753/DPP NB: TO BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH SUBMITTED PLANS

Erroneous Definition by Midlothian Council Planning as "communal landscaping"

The application was made to erect a fence on the private boundary along Dovecot Crescent to the side of the house at 17 Neatoune Drive, much like the existing one to the side of the house at 9 Dovecot Crescent. On receipt of the application, the Midlothian Council Planning insisted the application be termed "change of use from communal landscaping to private garden ground" which required the client to pay Midlothian Council Planning an additional £500 on top of the submitted £250 fee. This seems to be an error by Midlothian Council Planning. The approved documents do not define the land in question as communal landscaping. Neither do the title deeds, which clearly outline the plot as private garden. Please refer to the appended plans.

Discrepancies between approved and as-built layout

The approved site and landscape plan for the original housing development shows a strip of grass bordering the road to Neatoune Drive and Dovecot Crescent. On site, this grass strip has been built as pavement. A Hornbeam hedge in the approved plan has been replaced by a beech hedge on site. The Tibetan Cherry, Siberian and midwinter fire Dogwoods shown on the plan have been omitted.



Precedent in the same street of proposed fence with hedge behind

An example of the type of fencing proposed by the applicant exists within view of 17 Neatoune Drive, in the same street at the side of the house, Dovecot Crescent.

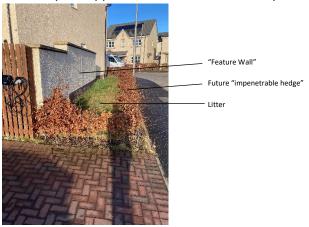


Approved Hedge to be impenetrable

"Hedge is to be planted in two alternate rows at 300mm centres either side of a 900mm high post and wire fence" and "The objective is to produce a thick, healthy, impenetrable hedge. Pruning should be undertaken where necessary to achieve a neat and compact finish"

Problems with rubbish

Currently the combination of hedge and wall incorrectly signals that the grass strip is outwith the property boundary. This ambiguity results in the grass strip being used as a litter bin and a dog toilet by passers-by. In the future, the hedge will be higher and the ill-conceived narrow strip of grass, owned by the applicant will become a security risk to the occupants of the house.



Erroneous concern by MLC Planning regarding road safety

A concern raised by Midlothian Council Planning regards visibility at the junction of Neatoune Drive with the side street, Dovecot Crescent. This concern is irrational since the visibility through the proposed fence will be no worse than through the existing "impenetrable hedge", once it is established. Furthermore, the proposed fence is only to the side of the house and will stop short of the junction with the principal street, Neatoune Drive. Visibility at the junction will be maintained.

No overall consistency in landscape plan

The urban design of the housing development follows a loose pattern with no consistent rules. Many different conditions exist at street edges. Some roads are bordered by vegetation, some by timber fencing and some by hard walls. The proposed timber fence fits into this pattern. The principal elevation will have landscaping fronting the street, whilst the side elevation will have a timber fence just like 9 Dovecot Crescent and will remove the ambiguity of ownership of the narrow grass strip.

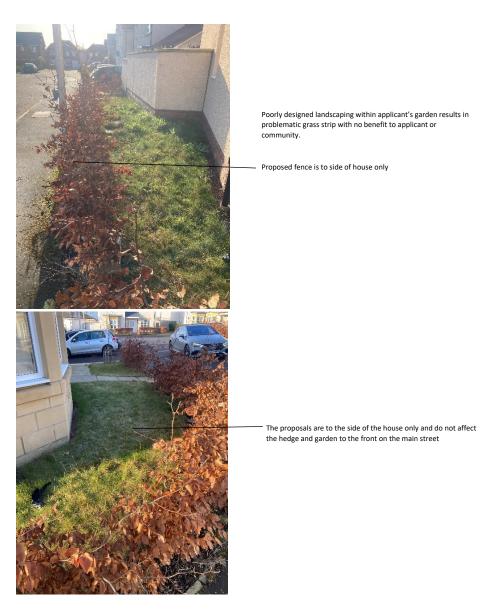


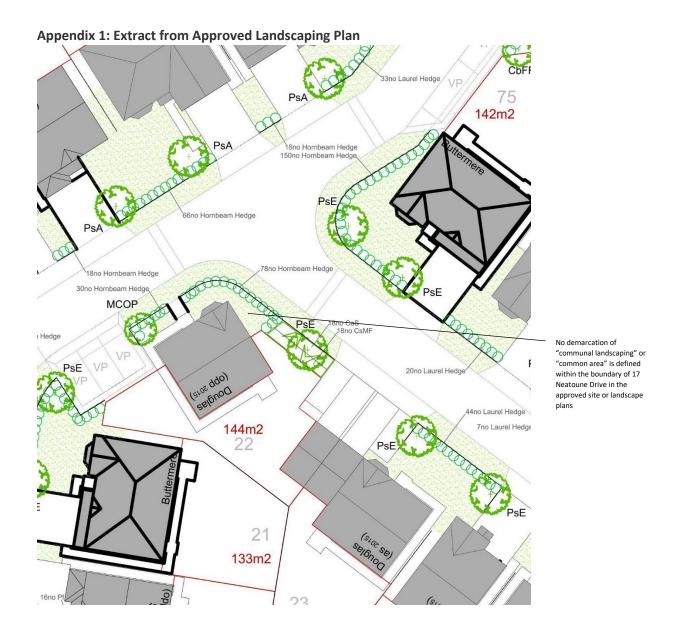
Within the housing development a wide variation of street edge treatment exists. Here is an example of hard wall edges to street

Conclusion

In a few years the existing hedge within the private boundary of 17 Neatoune Drive will grow to a significant height and become the "impenetrable hedge" which was approved with the original landscape plan for the housing development. There will be long narrow strip of grass (about 12m x 2m), hidden from view to the side of the house between the hedge and existing 1.8m high wall within the garden. Without a fence preventing the entry of strangers, this represents a significant security risk to the occupants of the house. The applicant simply wishes to erect a fence on their garden boundary to the side of their house and remove the ill-conceived wall within their garden. This would allow them to safely maintain the grass strip, with the existing visibility at the junction retained.

Precedent for such a fence to the side of a house exists on the same street. A fence would benefit both the applicant and the community and Midlothian Council's refusal of permission for the fence is absurd.





Appendix 2: Specification from Approved Landscaping Plan

PLANTING SCHEDULE

CARE SHOULD BE TAKEN TO ENSURE THAT ALL TREES ARE PLANTED A MINIMUM OF 1M AWAY FROM ALL FOOTPATHS AND SERVICE STRIPS.

PROPOSED TREES

Вр	Betula pendula (Common Birch)	12no
PsA	Prunus subhirtella 'Autumnells' (Autumn Cherry)	5no
PsE	Prunus semula (Tibetan Cherry)	24no

ChFF	Carpinus betulus 'Frans Fontaine' (Fastigiate Hombeam)	6no
CPS	Crateagus Paul's Scarlet (Hawthorn)	8no
SaSS	Sorbus auguparia 'Sheerwater Seedling' (Rowan)	6 пр

All of the above trees to be Standard (10-12ons girth) Single short-staked and root belied. Where trees are planted into turf, an area fin dis, at the base of the tree, should be mounded and kept clear of weeds and grass and other delectrious material.

Ac	Alnus cordata (Alder)	40no
Agr	Acer griseum (Paperbark Maple)	7no
ApCK	Acer platanoides 'Crimson King' (Purple Maple)	9no
ApEQ	Acer platanoides 'Emerald Queen' (Purple Maple)	1no
BuJ	Betule utilus 'Jecquemontii' (White Birch)	4no
ToGS	Tilla cordata 'Greenspire' (Fastiglate Lime)	4no
To	Titla x euchlora (Lime aphid free)	3no

PROPOSED SHRUBS

CaS	Cornus alba 'Sibirica'	60 to 80cm 3L 3/m2	59no
CsMF	Comus sanguinea 'Midwinter Fire'	60 to 80cm SL 3/m2	69no
HEG	Hebe 'Emerald Green'	30 to 40cm 3L 4/m²	22010
HBG	Hebe 'Red Edge'	30 to 40cm 3L 4/m2	356no
HRE	Hebe 'Blue Gem'	30 to 40cm 3L, 4/m²	11410
He	Hypericum celycinum	30 to 40cm 3L 54m²	135no
HGO	Hebe 'Great Orme'	30 to 40cm 3L, 4/m²	4800
LaH	Lavendula angustifolia Hidoots'	20 to 30cm 3L 84m²	236no
Ma	Mahonia agulfolium	40 to 50cm 3L 3/m²	12810
Pf	Potentilla fruiticosa		
	Katherine Dykes'	30 to 40cm St., 4/m2	48no
PFF	Plens 'Forest Flame'	30 to 40cm 3L, 4/m2	20810
Sg	Senecio grevii "Sunshine"	40 to 80cm 3L 34m2	4500
Vd	Vibumum davidii	30 to 40cm 3L 4/m3	144no
VmV	Vinca major "Variegata"	30 to 40cm 3L 5/m²	328na
RIBA	Rubus tricolor 'Betty Asburner'	20 to 30cm 3L 4/m ³	2128no

LAUREL HEDGE

Prunus lauruparassus 'Rosundiolis' 40 to 60cm 3L

Laurel hedge is to be planted in one row, evenly spaced, at 300mm centres.

60 to 80cm 1+2	1680no
ianted in two alternale rows at 300mi and wire fence.	m centres either
ge)	
60 to 90cm 2L	302nc
	isinted in two alternate rows at 300ms and wire fence.

PROPOSED FRUIT TREES

Md	Malus domestica 'Discovery' (Apple)	10no
MCOP	Malus domestica 'Cox's Orange Pippen'	3no
PC	Pyrus 'Conference' (Peer)	2no

All of the above trees to be Heavy Standard size (12 to 14cm girth) double short-state and root balled. Where trees are planted into furf, an area 1m dis, at the base of the tree, should be mounded and kept clear of weeds and grass and other deleterious material.

PLANTING SPECIFICATION

GRASS MIX

The grassed area is to be carefully checked to ensure that the soil is appropriate and free from rubble, stores, weeds and other deterious material. If not appropriate, it should be replaced with quality material or the Landscape Architect should be anyled.

(Note: It is the responsibility of the contractor to ensure that he is planting into the correct quality of material)

- Where topsoil is to be added the subsoil should be fully broken up to ensure adequate drainage and a layer not less than 150mm deep applied.
- The topsoil should be cuttivated to a fine, even titth with no undulations or bumps.
- All grass areas are to be turfed or seeded in accordance with guide-lines set out in BS 4428: Code of Practice for general landscape operations: 1989.
- Front gardens are to be furfed with approved, good quality turves (unless otherwise specified). The sell shall be of loam traduce and the form stones over 15mm in any one direction. Open spaces are to be either turfed or seeded, as specified, with an approved proprietary mix applicable to the location.

(Note: It is the responsibility of the contractor to ensure that he is plenting into the correct quality of material)

- If new topsoil is required the subsoil base should be fully broken up to ensure adequate drainage.
- The bed should be inspected after the subsoil bese is broken up and before topsoil cultivation for any signs of flooding. If there are signs and these cannot be resolved the Landscape Architect should be advised.

(Note: It is the responsibility of the contractor to ensure that he is not planting into a waterlogged bad)

- Planting should not be undertaken below 2 degrees centigrade, or when the ground is snow covered or frozen.
- ... In now, we min with a certain ridge 150mm above the edges of the bed.

 When the bed has been fully cultivated and formed, planning holes shall be dug 150mm where than the root spread. Barre-oot plants shall have the roots carefully teased out and pot-grown plants shall have the roots carefully teased out and pot-grown plants shall have the roots carefully teased out and pot-grown plants shall have the roots carefully teased of the mind the size of the plant, of Flaorite Planting Compect, or slinitar approved, shall be verticed into the bestiff. The plants shall be planted as that the flinished topsoil level is at the nursery level on the stem of the plant.
- The plants shall be well firmed in and, after planting, a slow acting fertilities shall be carefully worked into the top 90mm of soil round each plant taking care to avoid contact with the storn.
- Immediately after planting the whole bad shall be well watered in.
- 9. All work shall be carried out in accordance with best horticultural practice.

- Trees shall be planted at the appropriate sesson depending on root-grown or bare-root.
- Ties pills are to be dug not less than 1m cube and not emaler than 250mm larger than the overall not spread. Care is to be taken to ensure that all sides are permetelle and have not been 'polities', and that all pits are fixe draining with 50mm of weathed round pse gravel to the base of the tiese pits.
- One tile shall be used on standard and feethered trees up to 2m high.
 Two will be required for Heavy and Extre-Heavy Standard trees up to
 18cm girth. Above this twee will be required unless an underground
 guying system is specified.
- 5. Backfill for the tree pits is to be 20% Peat-free Compost, Fison's or
- 6. The backfill is to be a raised mound at the lop with the certire 160mm above the edges. Care is to be taken to ensure that the finished backfill level is at the numery level on the tree and this level is at the centre of the mound 160mm above the edges of the pit when the tree has been well fitted by.
- 7. On completion of the planting the tree shall be virell watered in with not less than 10pallons of water. Thereafter it should be visitered as required, following periods of any more than three consecutive hot, dry days, until the tree is they established.

- Hedge plenting should be as for the shrubs, set out above. However,
 the planting back should be astablished by using the line of the hedge as
 the length. The width will be the plantind line of the hedge just 300mm either side. (Ie a single line of hedge will be 800mm wide and a double, 500mm apart, will be 1100mm wide.
- After achieving the correct quality topsoff and, with the base broken u if topsoff is imported, the soil shall be cultivated to ensure a ridge, in which the hedge is planted, set 150mm above the edge of the bed.
- Thereafter all of the above, fertiliser shall be applied and the hedge well watered in.

NB, where topsoil from sile to be used, a soil resource plan should be carried out to include locations of topsoil stripping areas and storage mounds to ensure the good treatment of soils which are to be used on the landscape areas and to avoid compaction of soils. Topsoil and subsoil to be stored asparatively and not missed.

MAINTENANCE

The developer will adjure, within the missives, that purchasers are responsible for common ligness. On completion of the site, a Factor will be appointed who will assigt to the establishment of a Residents' Association. The Fostchert Association will between the residence that the Factor organises the following mainterfance regime:

Sine grass out 16 times per year.
 All cuttings to be raked and removed from the site.

The objective is so provide a full even object and prevent overcovering. To that end the late should be inspected once life year by a subably qualified incriticulturalist and the following regime followed:

- The shrub beds shall be kept clear of weeds, either mechanically or by

- The shruib bodis shall be kept clear of webpots, either mechanicely or by using an approved harbitickle.
 Shruiss shall be prured up to twice per yier, in Spring and Autusm chopanding on the species, to maintain their enture shape and habit. Any clamaged, diseased or broken branches should be restored. In the first the years all dead and of lying shruib, bland be replaced by the termoved. In the first they years all dead and of lying shruib, bland be replaced by From the second year beds should be inspected and thinned gut where proportion. Where suitable, these shruibs, can buyues, of 81 gaps in the planting area. Otherwise gaps should be in-fjilled with appropriate new plants as for or above. After 10 years a systematic programmer of replacement should be castabilished.

Trees have been chosen for their appropriateness to their individual location. Pruning attier than for health and safety reasons, should not be necessary. They should, however, be inspected by a suitably qualified arban

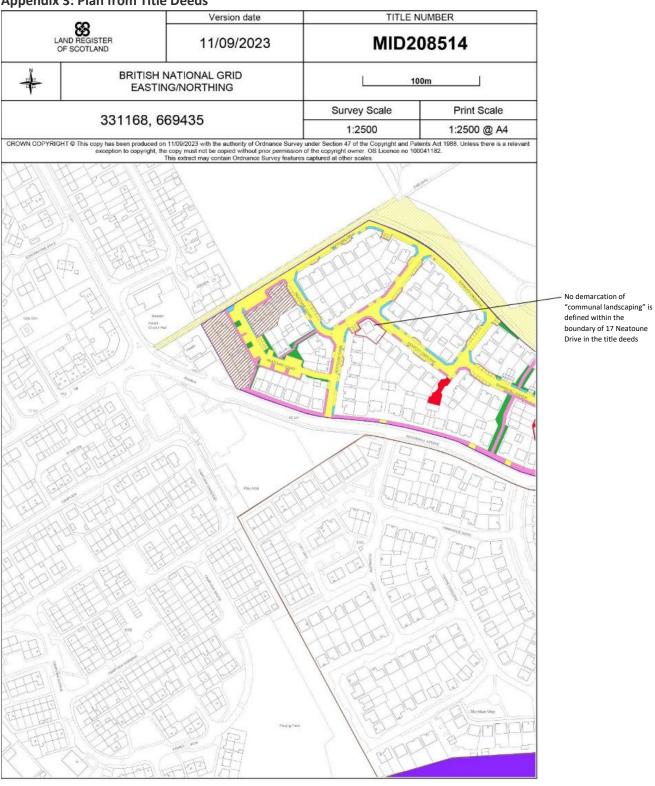
- h. An area im diameter at the base of the trave shall be lood clear of veed and grass either mechanically of by skips an approved herbidde. These strains and ties should be hispotial of times the property (Auturen, Winter and Spiring).

 If it dead and diseased bisanches, or those groken due to mail clous action and the diseased bisanches, or those groken due to mail clous action and the diseased bisanches, or those groken due to mail clous action and the diseased property of the dead of the scar cleaned up. All these which there been received or whigh are found to be dying, severally becaused or dismaged will be replaced by trace of airstiter about and specified them an officially planted. These should be replaced as come as annothed vestalistic conditions allow.

- considerable in to produce a flexic healthy, imperinatedly hedge. Proving life the undertaken whom necessary is activitive a need and compact flexic. Hedge is to be pruned back to changes hedge line to be pruned back in changes he line to the producing hedge within the first growing that on after planting and hulce siyees thereafter. Feldor will require access to maintain both sidns of the hedge where line form garden boundaries.

for visits per year to remove weeds from shrub beds and be plyvious and within other hard standing areas. All weeds are to removed from the alle. Where hepticides are used extreme care at be laken to evoid damage to surrounding grass, evoiding apray drift.

Appendix 3: Plan from Title Deeds



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MIDLOTHIAN COUNCIL

DEVELOPMENT MANAGEMENT PLANNING APPLICATION DELEGATED WORKSHEET:

Planning Application Reference: 23/00753/DPP

Site Address: 17 Neatoune Drive, Danderhall.

Site Description: The application site comprises a two storey detached dwellinghouse, garage and associated garden ground. The house has cream colour rendered walls, a pantile roof and white uPVC framed window units. The site sits at a junction with roads bounding the northwest and northeast boundary, with houses to the southeast and southwest. There is a 1.8 metre high render wall enclosing the private garden ground to the roadside, with an area of communal landscaping between the wall and the pavement to the northeast. There is a 1.8 metre high fence along the rear of the garden between the garden and associated garage and parking area. The site is within a relatively recently constructed housing site.

Proposed Development: Change of use from communal landscaping to private garden ground and associated erection of fence.

Proposed Development Details: It is proposed to remove the existing boundary wall along the northeast and erect a new 1.8 metre high close boarded fence hard up to the pavement, enclosing the communal landscaping and making this private garden ground. The new fence with adjoin the existing fence at the site and be similar in design.

Background (Previous Applications, Supporting Documents, Development Briefs): Wider development area

18/00946/LA Application to modify a planning obligation with a legal agreement (associated with planning application 02/00660/OUT). Modification agreed. 17/00650/S42 Section 42 application to amend condition 4 of planning permission 02/00660/OUT. This application seeks to change the means by which the Master Plan and Design Guide (and related addenda) for Shawfair can be amended. Consent with conditions.

17/00393/S42 S42 application to amend condition 4 of planning permission 02/00660/OUT. Withdrawn.

16/00818/MSC Erection of 98 dwellinghouses and 18 flatted dwellings; formation of access roads and car parking and associated works (approval of matters specified in conditions 2(a), 2(e), 2(f), 2(g), 2(h), 2(i), 2(l), 2(o), 3, 4, 6, 9 & 11-33 of planning permission 02/00660/OUT). Permitted.

15/00089/MSC Application for Matters Specified in relation to condition 1 (relating to former mineral workings, sustainable urban drainage strategy, landscaping to Cairnie Burn, programme for highway network improvements and travel plan details) of outline planning permission 02/00660/OUT for residential, industrial and commercial floor space, community facilities, associated landscaping with provision for sport and recreation and new transport facilities. Permitted.

02/00660/OUT Outline planning permission for residential, industrial and commercial floor space, community facilities (including new primary schools), associated

landscaping with provision for sport and recreation and new transport facilities. Consent with conditions.

To northeast

20/00169/CL 5 Dovecot Cresent Infill of garage door and formation of window opening. Permitted.

Consultations: The Council's **Senior Manager Neighbourhood Services (Roads)** was consulted but did not respond.

Representations: No representations have been received.

Relevant Planning Policies: The development plan is comprised of National Planning Framework 4 (2023) and the Midlothian Local Development Plan 2017. The following policies are relevant to the proposal.

National Planning Framework 4 (NPF4)

- Policy 1 Tackling the climate and nature crises; sets out to encourage, promote and facilitate development that addresses the global climate emergency and nature crisis;
- Policy **2 Climate mitigation and adaptation**; sets out to encourage, promote and facilitate development that minimises emissions and adapts to the current and future impacts of climate change;
- Policy **6 Forestry, woodland and trees**; sets out to protect and expand forests, woodland and trees;
- **Policy 14 Design, quality and place**; states a) Development proposals will be designed to improve the quality of an area whether in urban or rural locations and regardless of scale; and c) Development proposals that are poorly designed, detrimental to the amenity of the surrounding area or inconsistent with the six qualities of successful places, will not be supported:
- Policy 16 Quality homes; states g) Householder development proposals will be supported where they: i. do not have a detrimental impact on the character or environmental quality of the home and the surrounding area in terms of size, design and materials; and ii. do not have a detrimental effect on the neighbouring properties in terms of physical impact, overshadowing or overlooking; and h) Householder development proposals that provide adaptations in response to risks from a changing climate, or relating to people with health conditions that lead to particular accommodation needs will be supported.

The relevant policies of the adopted **Midlothian Local Development Plan** 2017 are: **DEV2 Development within the Built-up Area** states that development will not be permitted within existing and future built-up areas where it is likely to detract materially from the existing character or amenity of the area;

ENV7 Landscape Character states development will not be permitted where it significantly and adversely affects local landscape character. Where development is acceptable, it should respect such character and be compatible in terms of scale, siting and design. New development will normally be required to incorporate proposals to maintain the diversity and distinctiveness of the local landscapes and to enhance landscape characteristics where they have been weakened; and

ENV11 Woodland, Trees and Hedges states that development will not be permitted where it could lead directly or indirectly to the loss of, or damage to, woodland, groups of trees (including trees covered by a Tree Preservation Order, areas defined as ancient or semi-natural woodland, veteran trees or areas forming part of any designated landscape) and hedges which have a particular amenity, nature conservation, biodiversity, recreation, landscape, shelter, cultural, or historical value or are of other importance.

Planning Issues: The main planning issue to be considered is whether or not the proposal complies with the development plan policies and, if not, whether there are any material planning considerations which would otherwise justify approval.

While the proposed development will contribute to the global climate crises, due to the nature and small scale of the proposal, the proposed development will not exacerbate the global nature crises. Therefore the proposed development complies with the aims of policy 1 of NPF4.

The application site is at a prominent location within this relatively new housing development, sited at a junction at a central position. The immediate area has an open character with no boundaries between front gardens, along with grassed areas and hedging between gardens and the pavement/roads. It is clear from the assessment of the overall housing application that consideration has been given to the open character and landscaping of the wider site, with trees and hedges planted to soften the visual impact of the development. Also the application site is identified as having an active gable. This generally means that the plot is at a prominent part of a site and additional consideration needs to be given to the design of the house, as well as the setting of the plot. While there is an existing wall within the site facing onto the road, this is set back from heel of the pavement with hedging between the wall and the pavement. This set off from and planting between the wall and the pavement helps achieve the aim for landscaping to soften the visual impact of the development. The overall effect of existing wall being set off the pavement with landscaping between the two is a clearly considered design detail in this relatively new residential area which positively contributes to the character and appearance of the site and surrounding area. This is replicated in other parts of the wider development.

The removal of the existing wall and communal landscaping and replacement with a 1.8 metre high close boarded fence hard up to the pavement would have a significantly detrimental impact on the open and landscaped character of the site and immediate area. This would be a very hard feature at a prominent part of the development.

The position of the fence would be forward of the established building line in place from the site along Dovecot Crescent which would also detract from the character and appearance of the area.

The proposal would result in the loss of landscaping which would be contrary to the aims of NPF4 to retain trees and hedges. This would also be contrary to the aim of the Council which is committed to making Midlothian a great, green place to grow and would not help address the climate emergency which the Council declared in

2019. Proposals should be proactively protecting landscaping and enhancing landscaping in developments, rather than supporting their removal. While the proposal would only result in a relatively small area of landscaping being lost, if this were to be supported in other proposals, the cumulative impact of this could be significant.

The proposed position of the fence would also have a detrimental impact on road safety as this would reduce visibility for vehicles existing the parking spaces to the southeast. These spaces are 15 metres from the junction and a fence hard up to the pavement would significantly reduce visibility from these.

Recommendation: Refuse planning permission.

Refusal of Planning Permission Town and Country Planning (Scotland) Act 1997



Reg. No. 23/00753/DPP

Liston Architects 9 Gayfield Square Edinburgh EH1 3NT

Midlothian Council, as Planning Authority, having considered the application by Mr Stelios Kornaros, 17 Neatoune Drive, Danderhall, EH22 1FZ, which was registered on 23 November 2023 in pursuance of their powers under the above Acts, hereby **refuse** permission to carry out the following proposed development:

Change of use from communal landscaping to private garden ground and associated erection of fence at 17 Neatoune Drive, Danderhall, EH22 1FZ

In accordance with the application and the following documents/drawings:

Document/Drawing.	Drawing No/Scale	<u>Dated</u>
Location Plan	2314_C_001 1:1250	23.11.2023
Site Plan, elevations	2314_C_010 1:100	23.11.2023
Site Plan, elevations	2314_C_100 1:100	23.11.2023

The reasons for the Council's decision are set out below:

- 1. The proposal would have a significant detrimental impact on the character and appearance of the application site and the surrounding area and so is contrary to polices DEV2 and ENV6 of the adopted Midlothian Local Development Plan 2017 and policies 14 and 16 of the National Planning Framework 4.
- 2. The loss of landscaping would be contrary to policy ENV11 of the adopted Midlothian Local Development Plan 2017 and policy 6 of the National Planning Framework 4.
- 3. The proposed position of the fence would have a significant adverse impact on the safety of road users by reducing the visibility for vehicles exiting the site and adjacent parking spaces.



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Duncan Robertson Lead Officer – Local Developments Fairfield House, 8 Lothian Road, Dalkeith, EH22 3ZN

Any Planning Enquiries should be directed to:



www.gov.uk/coalauthority

INFORMATIVE NOTE

The proposed development lies within an area that has been defined by the Coal Authority as containing coal mining features at surface or shallow depth. These features may include: mine entries (shafts and adits); shallow coal workings; geological features (fissures and break lines); mine gas and former surface mining sites. Although such features are seldom readily visible, they can often be present and problems can occur, particularly as a result of new development taking place.

Any form of development over or within the influencing distance of a mine entry can be dangerous and raises significant land stability and public safety risks. As a general precautionary principle, the Coal Authority considers that the building over or within the influencing distance of a mine entry should be avoided. In exceptional circumstance where this is unavoidable, expert advice must be sought to ensure that a suitable engineering design which takes into account all the relevant safety and environmental risk factors, including mine gas and mine-water. Your attention is drawn to the Coal Authority Policy in relation to new development and mine entries available at:

www.gov.uk/government/publications/building-on-or-within-the-influencing-distanceof-mine-entries

Any intrusive activities which disturb or enter any coal seams, coal mine workings or coal mine entries (shafts and adits) requires a Coal Authority Permit. Such activities could include site investigation boreholes, excavations for foundations, piling activities, other ground works and any subsequent treatment of coal mine workings and coal mine entries for ground stability purposes. Failure to obtain a Coal Authority Permit for such activities is trespass, with the potential for court action.

If any coal mining features are unexpectedly encountered during development, this should be reported immediately to the Coal Authority on 0345 762 6848. Further information is available on the Coal Authority website at: www.gov.uk/government/organisations/the-coal-authority

Informative Note valid from 1st January 2023 until 31st December 2024



